Quarantining Close Contacts of COVID-19 Cases

Close contact can occur while caring for, living with, visiting, or sharing a common space with a COVID-19 case. Considerations when assessing close contact include the duration of exposure (e.g., longer exposure time likely increases exposure risk) and the clinical symptoms of the person with COVID-19 (e.g., coughing likely increases exposure risk, as does exposure to a severely ill patient).

- **Incarcerated/detained persons who are close contacts of a confirmed or suspected COVID-19 case** (whether the case is another incarcerated/detained person, staff member, or visitor) should be placed under quarantine for 14 days.
  - If an individual is quarantined due to contact with a suspected case who is subsequently tested for COVID-19 and receives a negative result, the quarantined individual should be released from quarantine restrictions.

- **In the context of COVID-19, an individual (incarcerated/detained person or staff) is considered a close contact if they:**
  - Have been within approximately 6 feet of a COVID-19 case for a prolonged period of time OR
  - Have had direct contact with infectious secretions of a COVID-19 case (e.g., have been coughed on)

- **Keep a quarantined individual’s movement outside the quarantine space to an absolute minimum.**
  - Provide medical evaluation and care inside or near the quarantine space when possible.
  - Serve meals inside the quarantine space.
  - Exclude the quarantined individual from all group activities.
  - Assign the quarantined individual a dedicated bathroom when possible.

- **Facilities should make every possible effort to quarantine close contacts of COVID-19 cases individually.** Cohorting multiple quarantined
close contacts of a COVID-19 case could transmit COVID-19 from those who are infected to those who are uninfected. Cohorting should only be practiced if there are no other available options.

- If cohorting of close contacts under quarantine is absolutely necessary, symptoms of all individuals should be monitored closely, and individuals with symptoms of COVID-19 should be placed under medical isolation.
- If an entire housing unit is under quarantine due to contact with a case from the same housing unit, the entire housing unit may need to be treated as a cohort and quarantine in place.
- Some facilities may choose to quarantine all new intakes for 14 days before moving them to the facility’s general population as a general rule (not because they were exposed to a COVID-19 case). Under this scenario, avoid mixing individuals quarantined due to exposure to a COVID-19 case with individuals undergoing routine intake quarantine.
- If at all possible, do not add more individuals to an existing quarantine cohort after the 14-day quarantine clock has started.

- **If the number of quarantined individuals exceeds the number of individual quarantine spaces available in the facility, be especially mindful of those who are at higher risk of severe illness from COVID-19.** Ideally, they should not be cohorted with other quarantined individuals. If cohorting is unavoidable, make all possible accommodations to reduce exposure risk for the higher-risk individuals.

- **In order of preference, multiple quarantined individuals should be housed:**
  - Separately, in single cells with solid walls (i.e., not bars) and solid doors that close fully
  - Separately, in single cells with solid walls but without solid doors
  - As a cohort, in a large, well-ventilated cell with solid walls, a solid door that closes fully, and at least 6 feet of personal space assigned to each individual in all directions
As a cohort, in a large, well-ventilated cell with solid walls and at least 6 feet of personal space assigned to each individual in all directions, but without a solid door

As a cohort, in single cells without solid walls or solid doors (i.e., cells enclosed entirely with bars), preferably with an empty cell between occupied cells creating at least 6 feet of space between individuals. (Although individuals are in single cells in this scenario, the airflow between cells essentially makes it a cohort arrangement in the context of COVID-19.)

As a cohort, in multi-person cells without solid walls or solid doors (i.e., cells enclosed entirely with bars), preferably with an empty cell between occupied cells.

As a cohort, in individuals’ regularly assigned housing unit but with no movement outside the unit (if an entire housing unit has been exposed).

Safely transfer to another facility with capacity to quarantine in one of the above arrangements

- **Quarantined individuals should wear face masks if feasible based on local supply, as source control, under the following circumstances:**
  - If cohorted, quarantined individuals should wear face masks at all times (to prevent transmission from infected to uninfected individuals).
  - If quarantined separately, individuals should wear face masks whenever a non-quarantined individual enters the quarantine space.
  - All quarantined individuals should wear a face mask if they must leave the quarantine space for any reason.
  - Asymptomatic individuals under routine intake quarantine (with no known exposure to a COVID-19 case) do not need to wear face masks.

- **Staff who have close contact with quarantined individuals should wear recommended PPE if feasible based on local supply, feasibility, and safety within the scope of their duties.**
o Staff supervising asymptomatic incarcerated/detained persons under routine intake quarantine (with no known exposure to a COVID-19 case) do not need to wear PPE.

- **Quarantined individuals should be monitored for COVID-19 symptoms twice per day, including temperature checks.**
  o If an individual develops symptoms, they should be moved to medical isolation immediately and further evaluated.

- **If an individual who is part of a quarantined cohort becomes symptomatic:**
  o **If the individual is tested for COVID-19 and tests positive:** the 14-day quarantine clock for the remainder of the cohort must be reset to 0.
  o **If the individual is tested for COVID-19 and tests negative:** the 14-day quarantine clock for this individual and the remainder of the cohort does not need to be reset. This individual can return from medical isolation to the quarantined cohort for the remainder of the quarantine period.
  o **If the individual is not tested for COVID-19:** the 14-day quarantine clock for the remainder of the cohort must be reset to 0.

- **Restrict quarantined individuals from leaving the facility (including transfers to other facilities) during the 14-day quarantine period, unless released from custody or a transfer is necessary for medical care, infection control, lack of quarantine space, or extenuating security concerns.**

- **Quarantined individuals can be released from quarantine restrictions if they have not developed symptoms during the 14-day quarantine period.**

- **Meals should be provided to quarantined individuals in their quarantine spaces.** Individuals under quarantine should throw disposable food service items in the trash. Non-disposable food service items should be handled with gloves and washed with hot water or in a dishwasher. Individuals handling used food service items should clean their hands after removing gloves.

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*All materials have been prepared for general information purposes only. The information presented should be treated as guidelines, not rules. The information presented is not intended to establish a standard of medical care and is not a substitute for common sense. The information presented is not legal advice, is not to be acted on as such, may not be current, and is subject to change without notice. Each situation should be addressed on a case-by-case basis.*
• **Laundry from quarantined individuals can be washed with other individuals’ laundry.**
  o Individuals handling laundry from quarantined persons should wear disposable gloves, discard after each use, and clean their hands after.
  o Do not shake dirty laundry. This will minimize the possibility of dispersing virus through the air.
  o Launder items as appropriate in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions. If possible, launder items using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and dry items completely.